



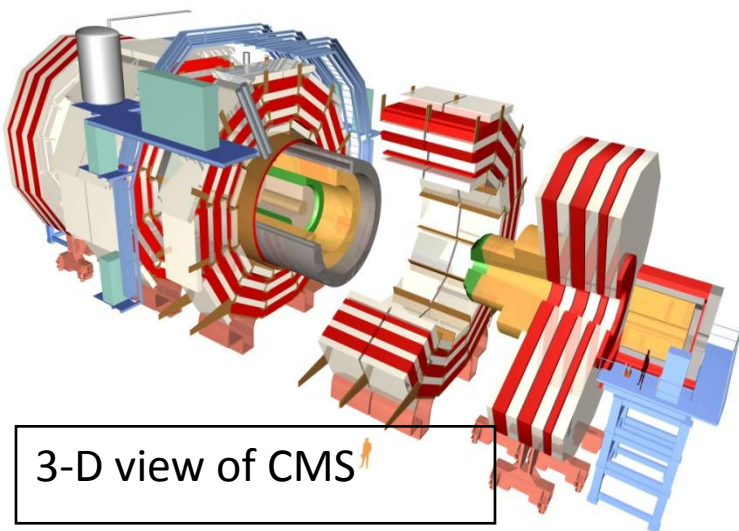
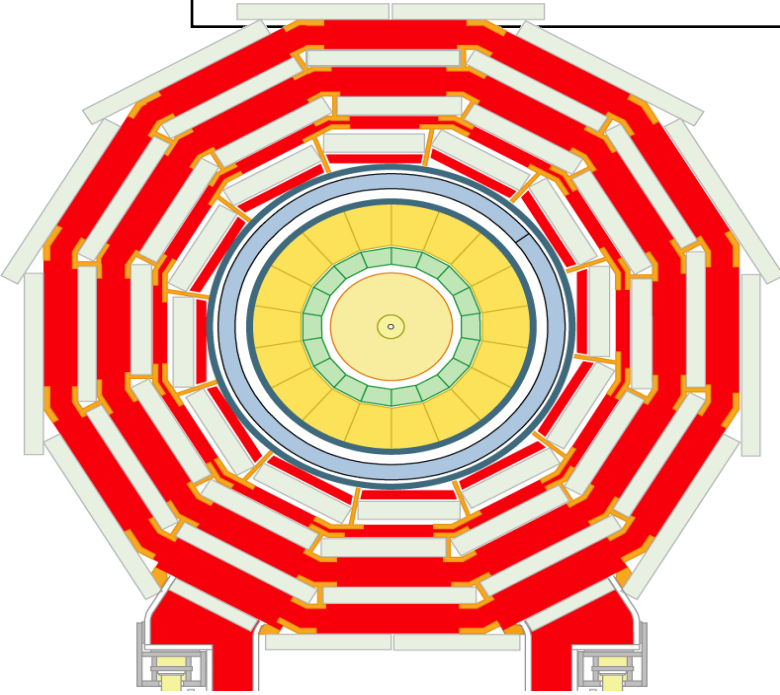
EW @ CMS

Saeid Paktinat Mehdiabadi
School of Particles and Accelerators, IPM

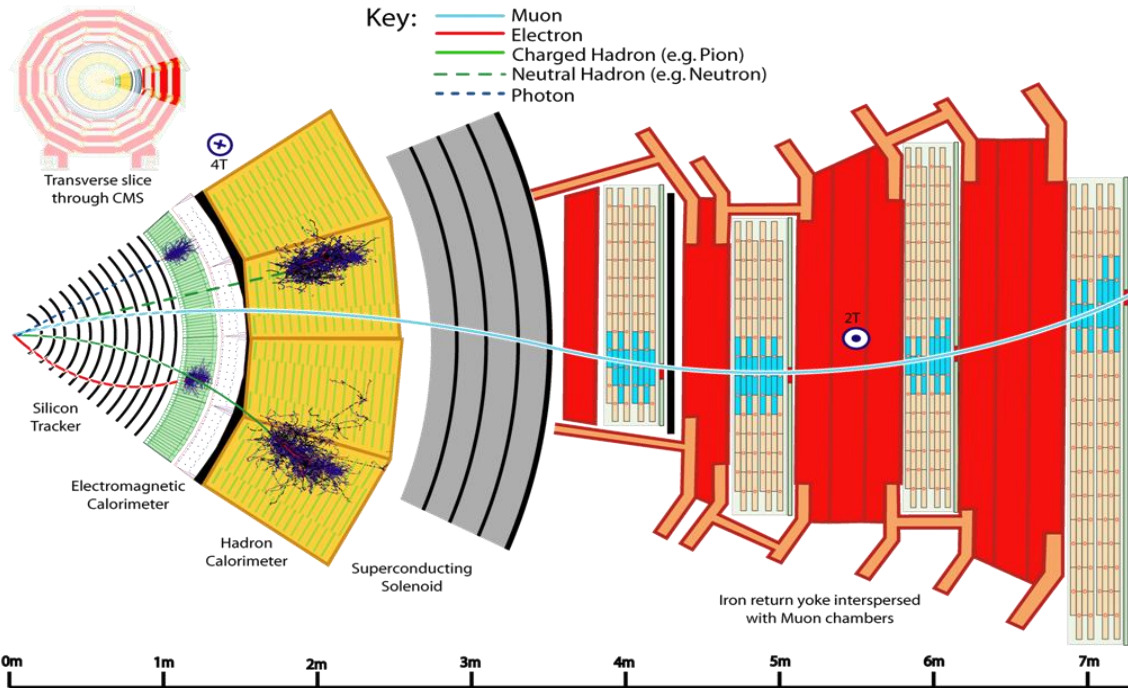
One Day Workshop on New Results at the CMS Experiment with
Emphasis on the Higgs Boson, 27 December 2012

The "CMS" detector for LHC

- Each color shows a different layer
- This is the view along the beam direction



3-D view of CMS



- Key:
- Muon
 - Electron
 - Charged Hadron (e.g. Pion)
 - - - Neutral Hadron (e.g. Neutron)
 - - - Photon

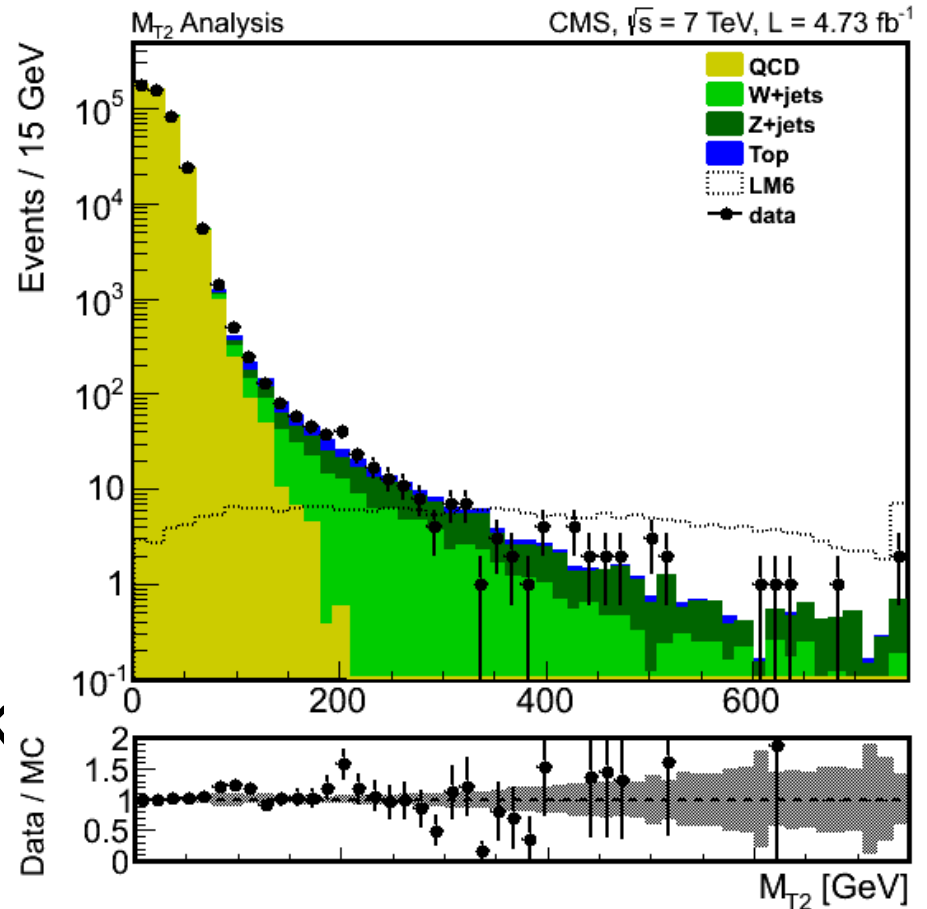
Why Electroweak @ CMS?

W and Z production at hadron colliders:

- Test of the Standard Model predictions at TeV scale
- Performance measurements of the detectors calibration
- Unique test and contribution to the Parton Density Distribution (PDF)
- Precision test of pQCD and input to event generators
- Better understanding of background to Higgs and new physics searches

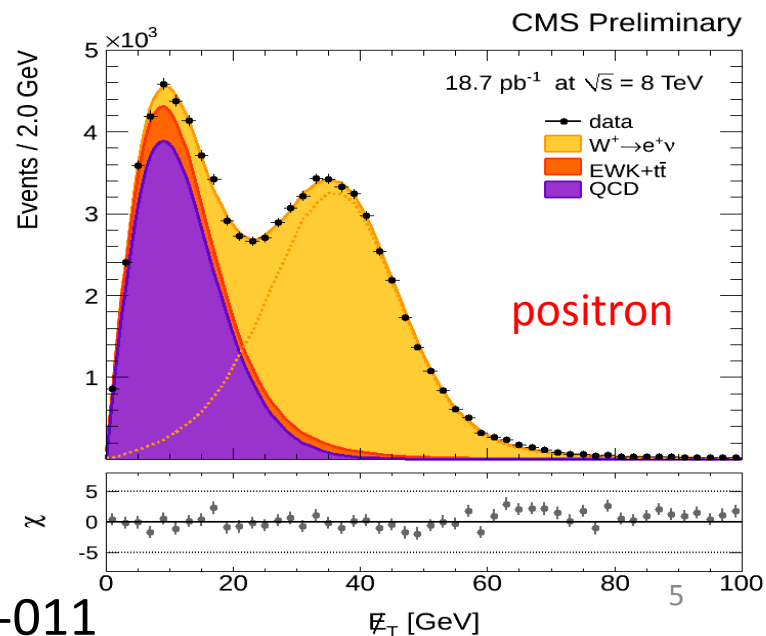
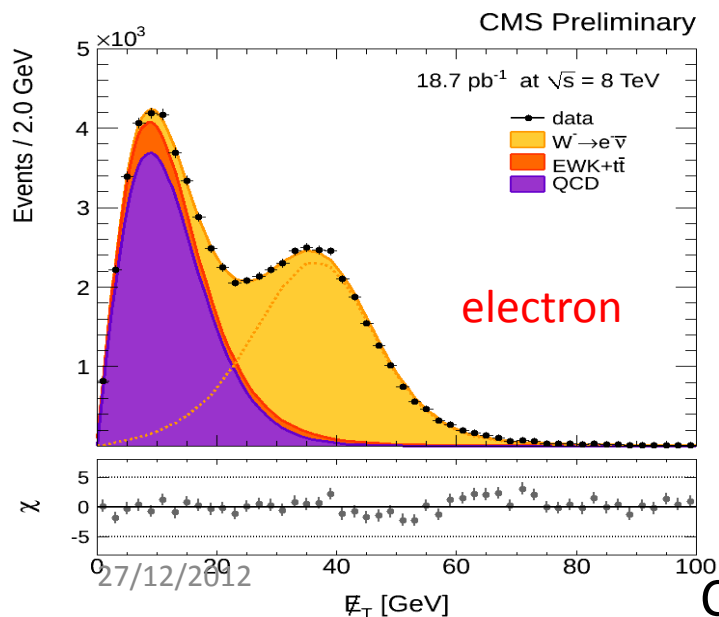
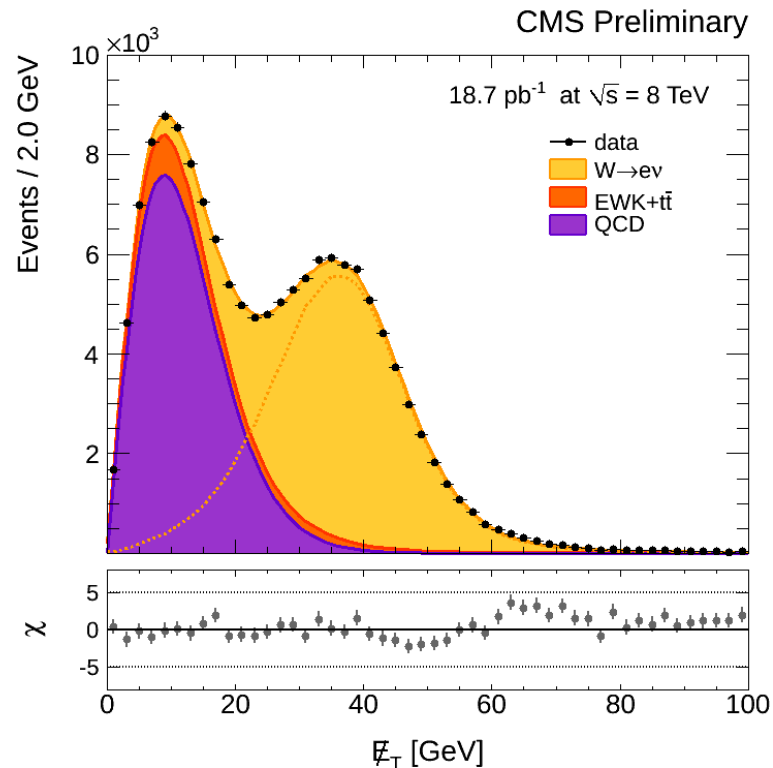
Why EW @ CMS?

- Search for squarks and gluinos in jets + MET.
- Invisible Z is estimated with γ +jets and $Z(\rightarrow\mu\mu)$ +jets.
- WW and ZZ are the main channels to look for Higgs.



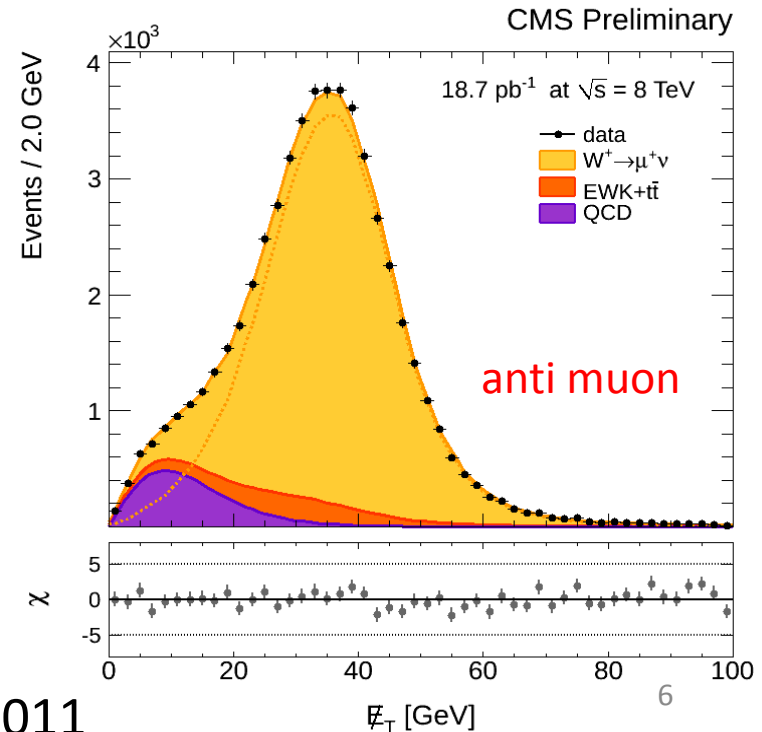
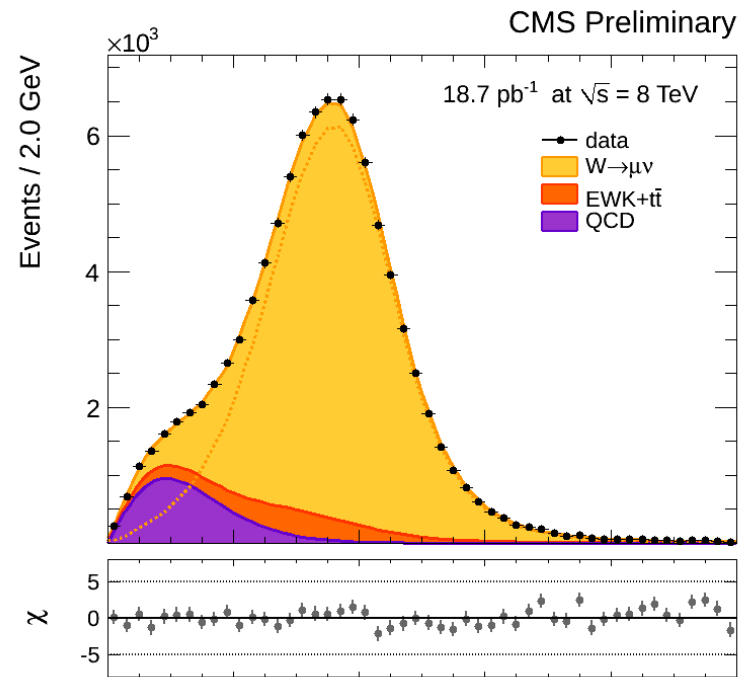
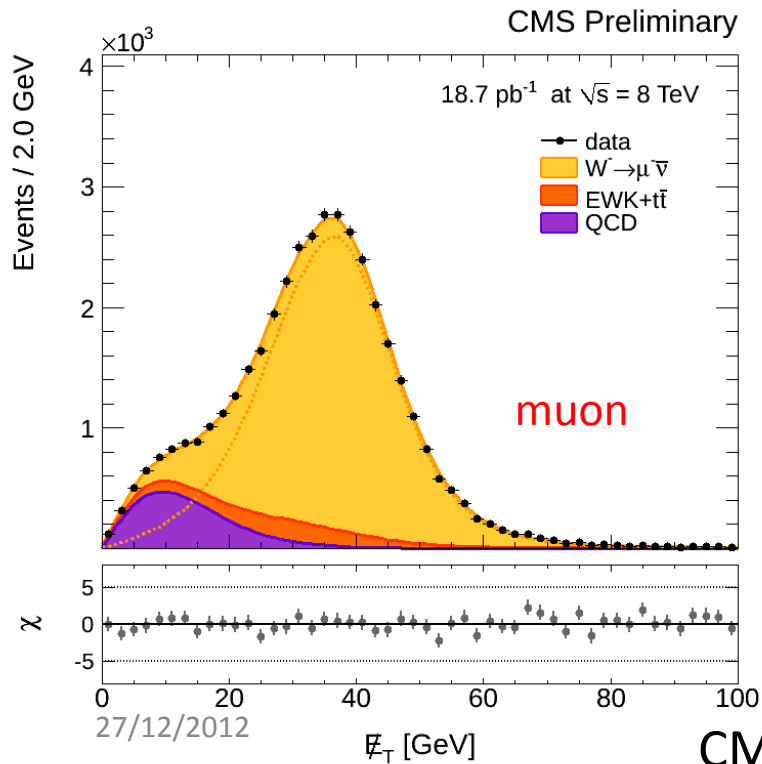
W/Z Production Cross Sections

- Clean standard candle
- Two high-pT isolated leptons
- Small background O(1%)
- Results systematically limited

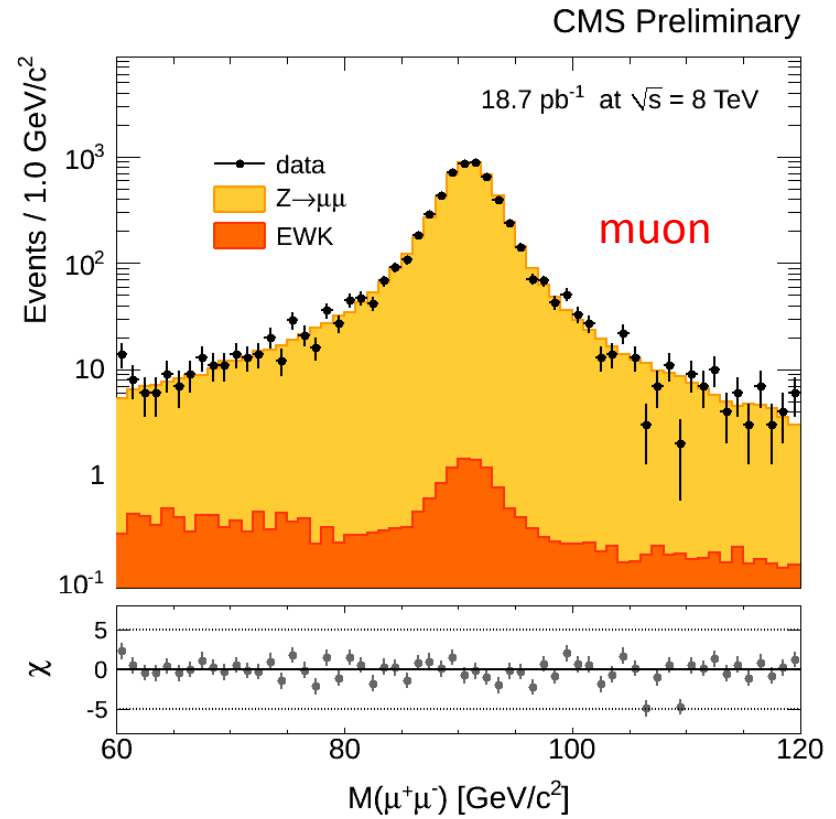
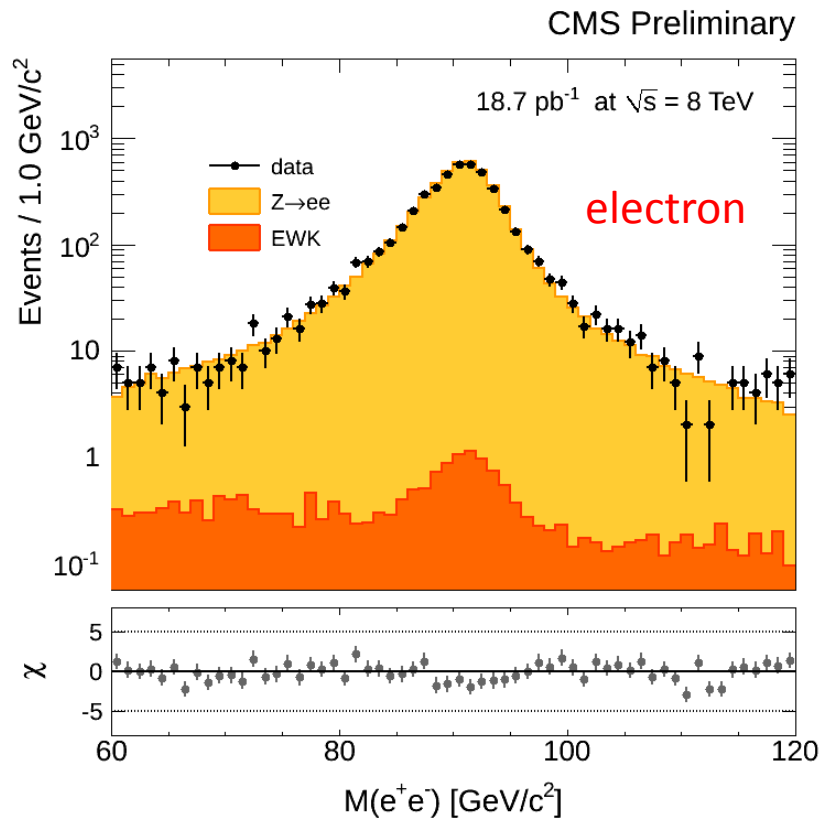


Muonic channel

- Much less bkg!



Z Production

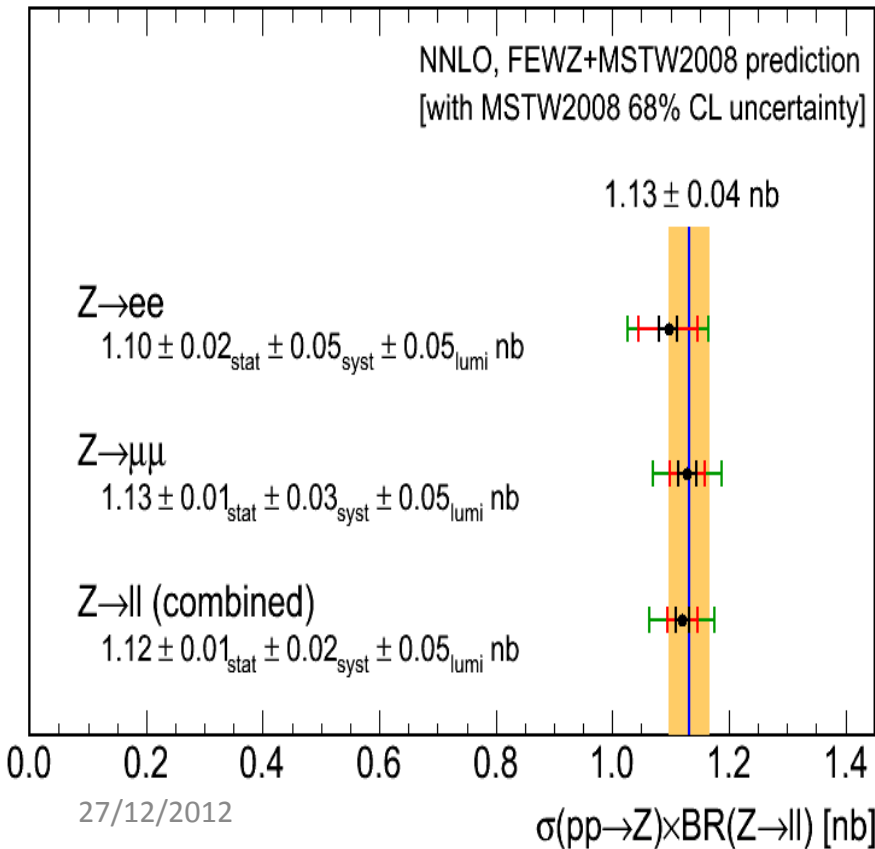


W/Z Production Cross Section

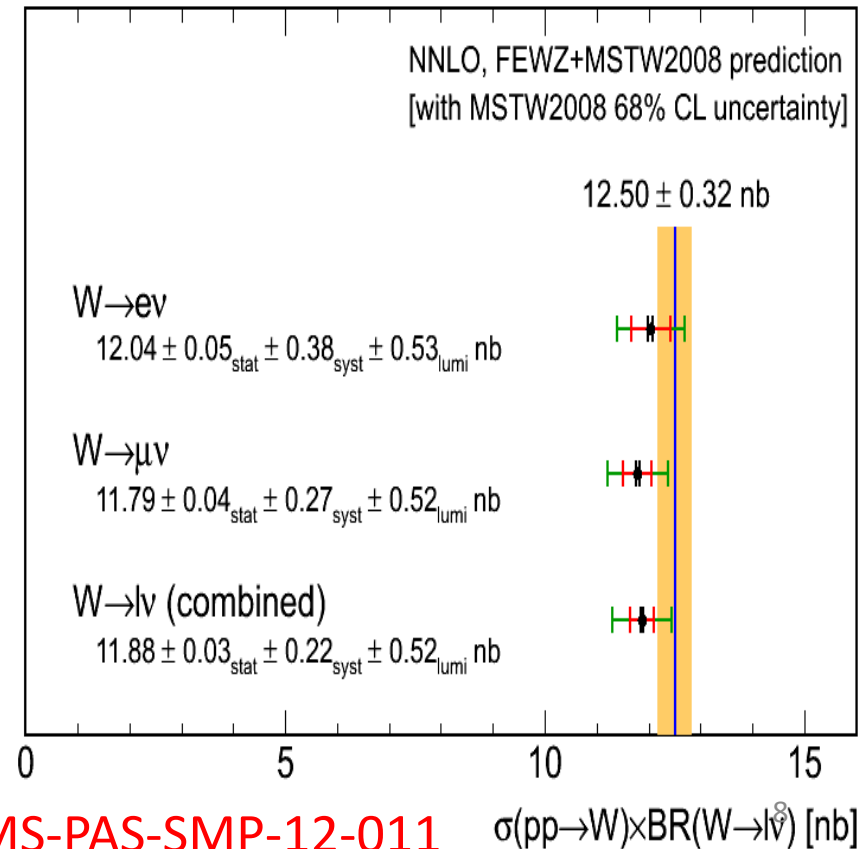
Statistics
Systematics
Luminosity

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dx} = \frac{(N \text{ data} - N \text{ bkg})}{\epsilon \times L \times \Delta x}$$

CMS Preliminary 18.7 pb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV



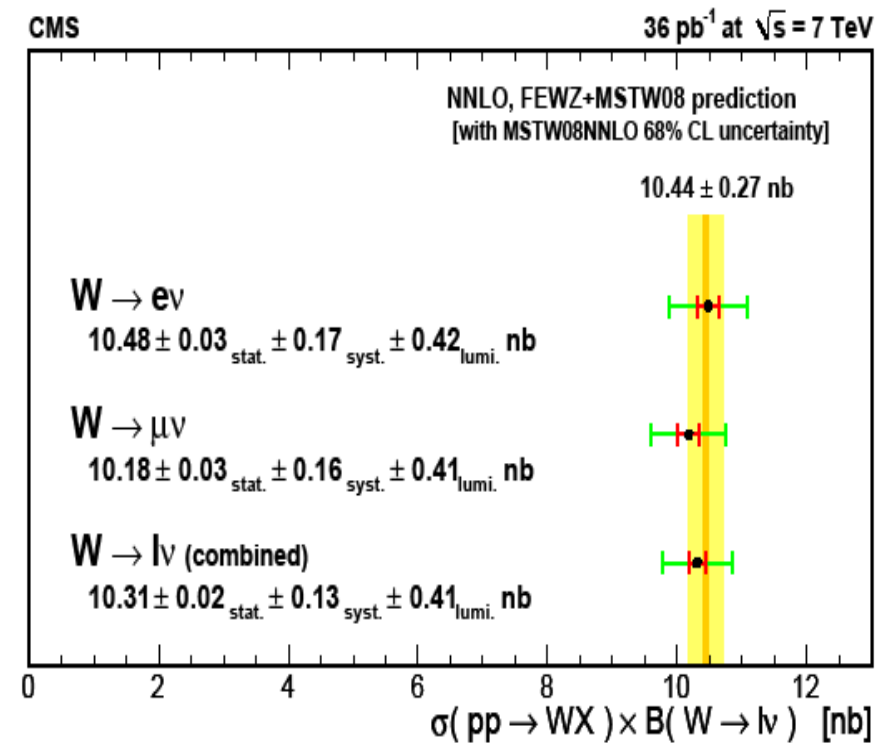
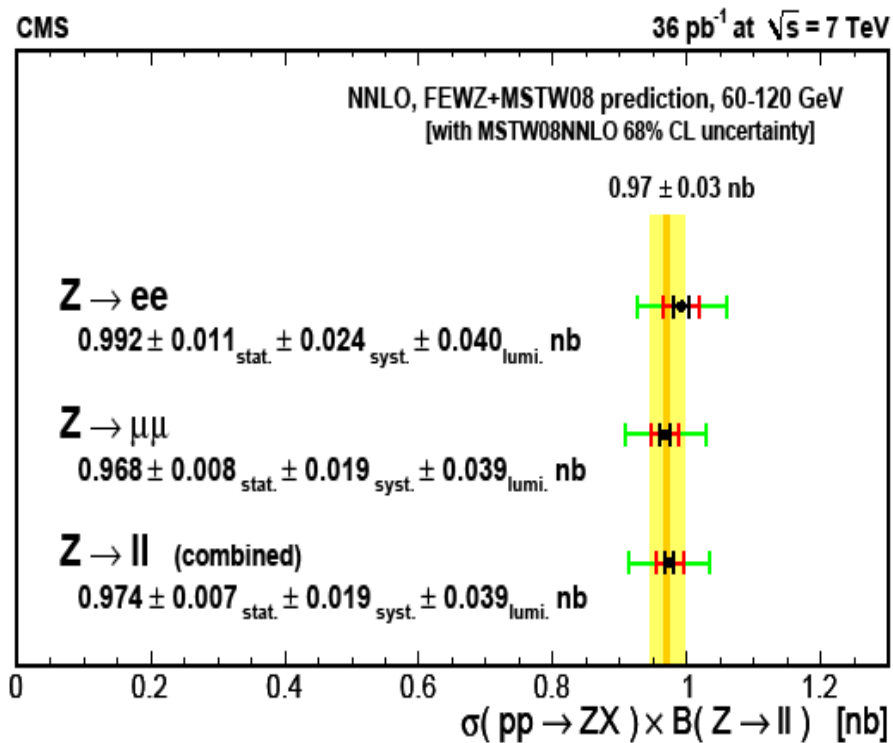
CMS Preliminary 18.7 pb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV



CMS-PAS-SMP-12-011

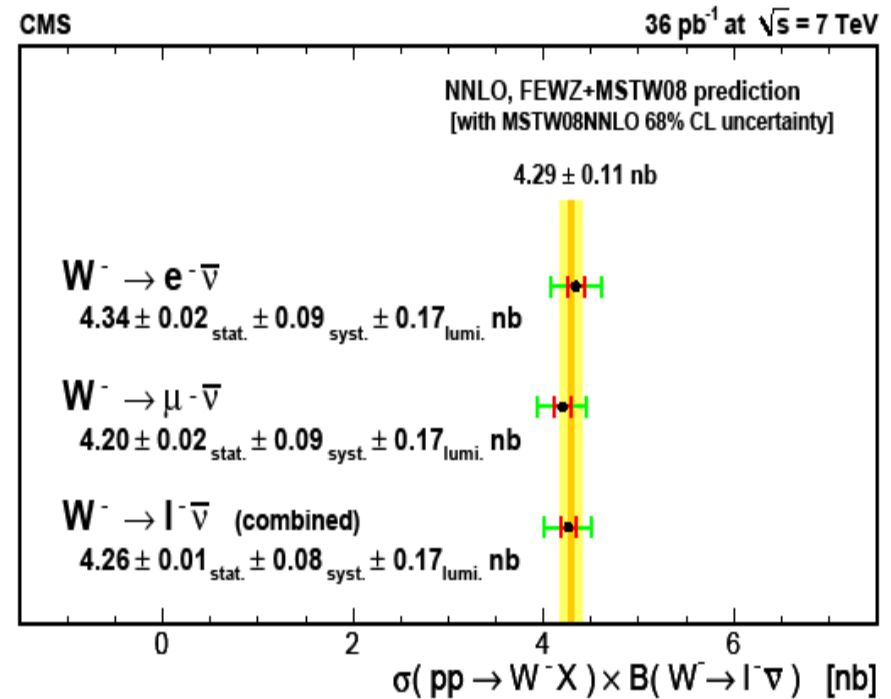
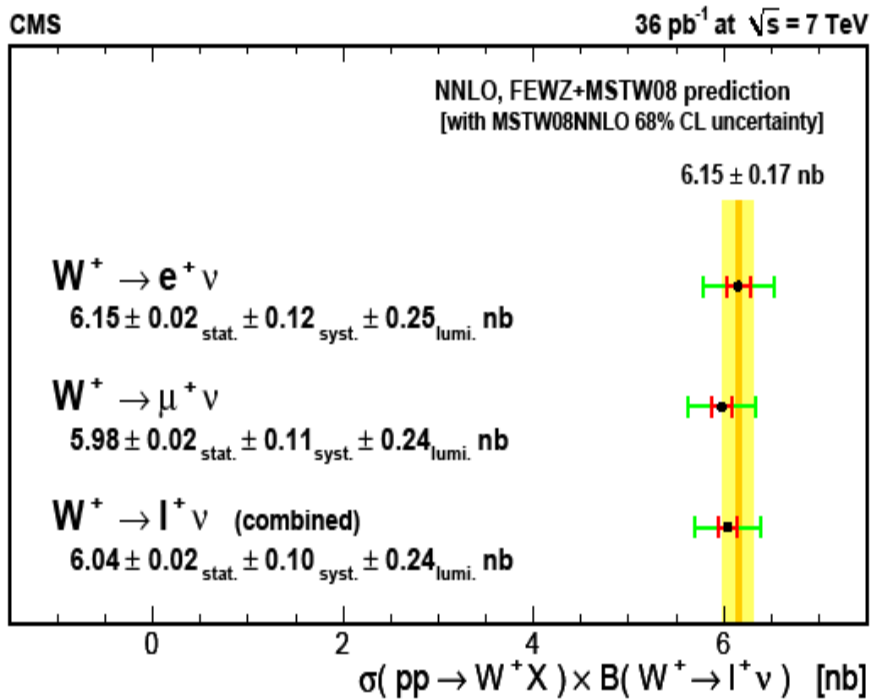
W/Z Production Cross Section @ 7 TeV

A small fraction of the data is used for this measurement.

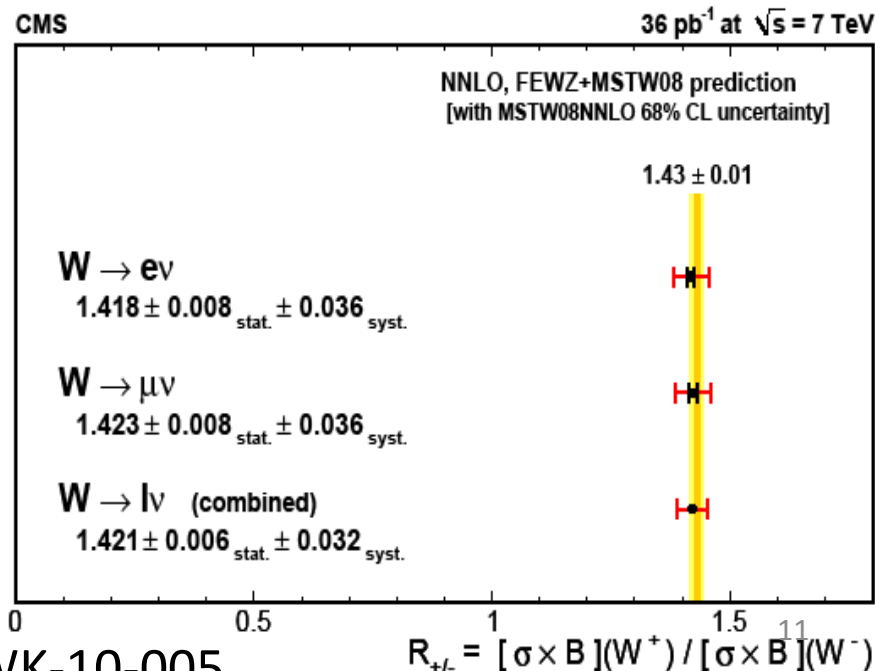
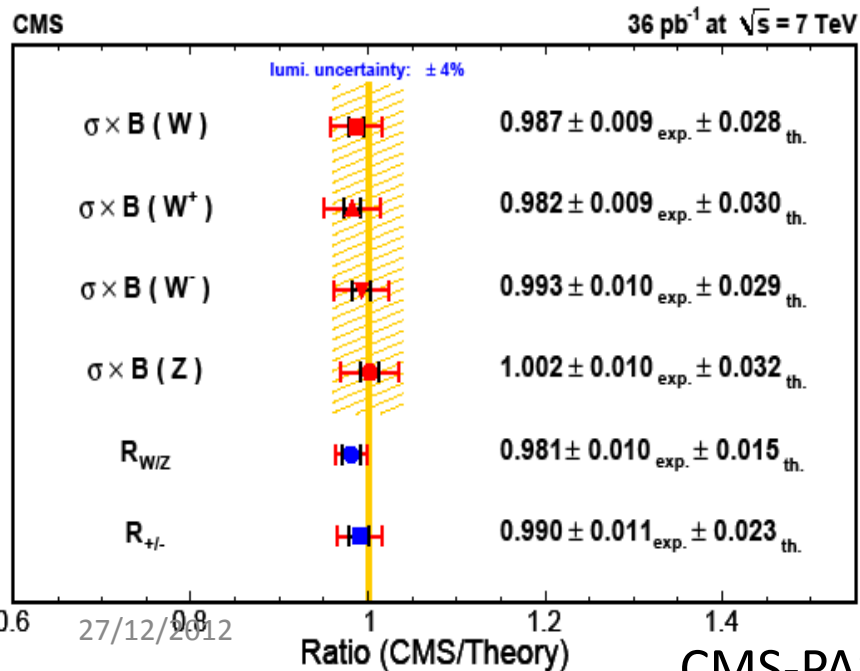
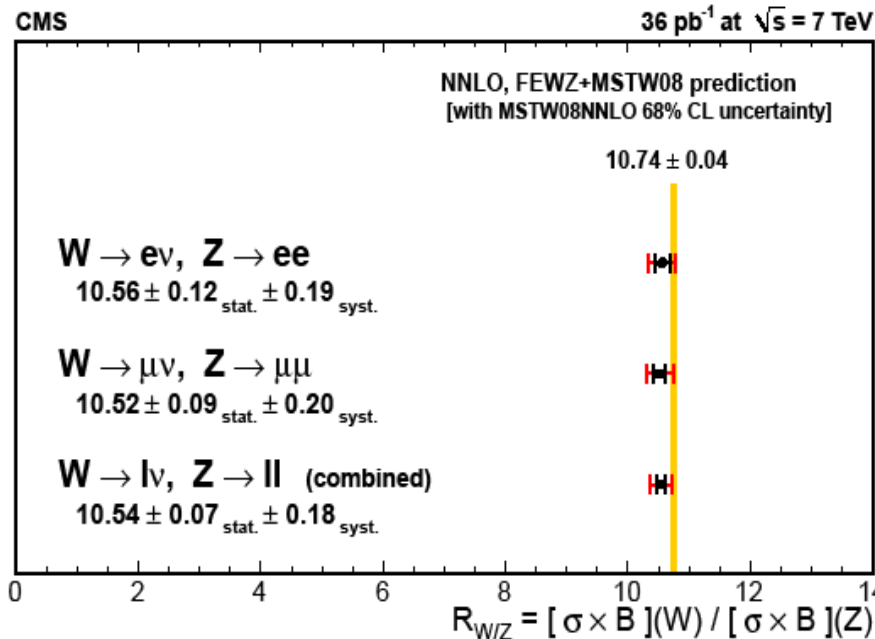


Positive vs Negative

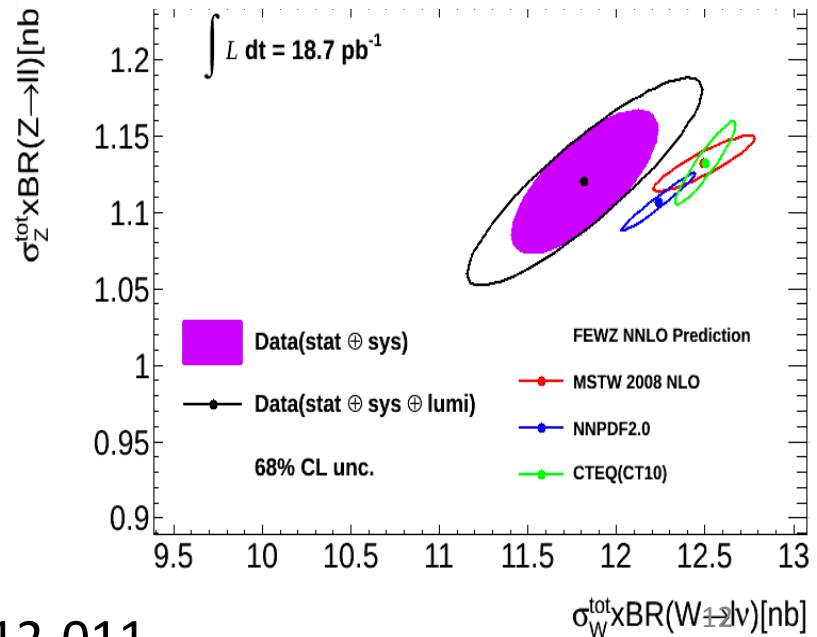
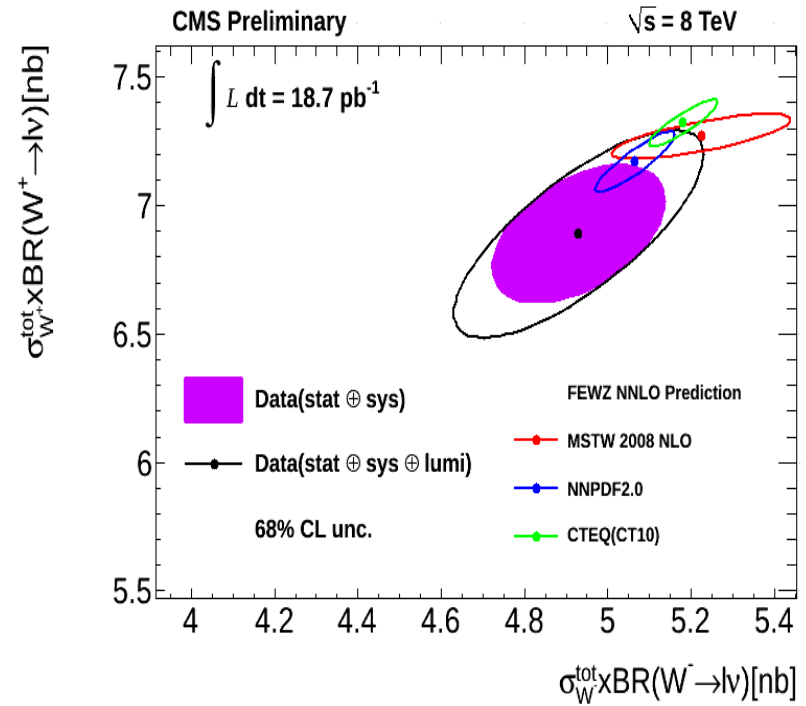
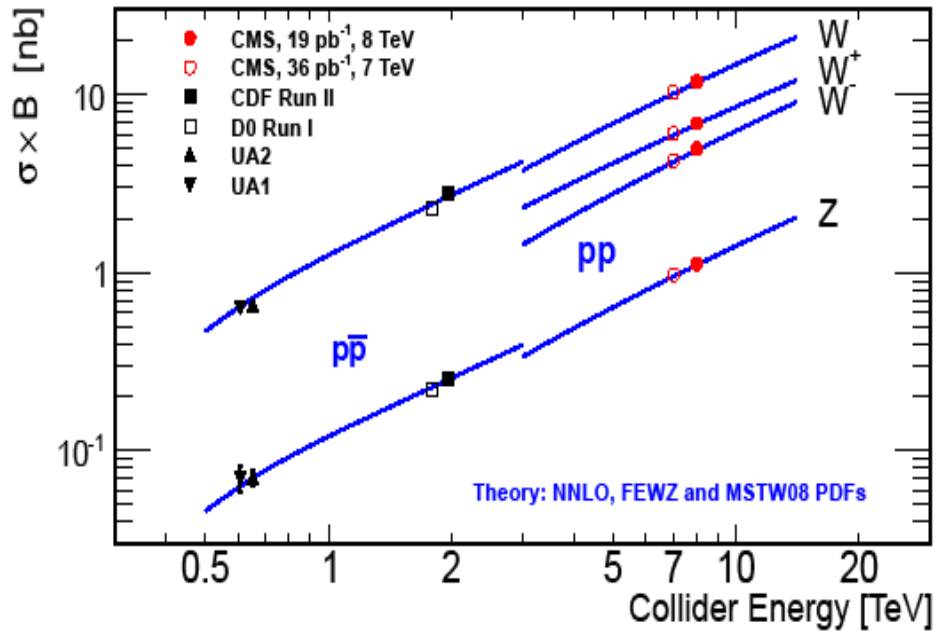
- Measurements are consistent with the predictions.
- No room for the new physics yet!



More Comparisons



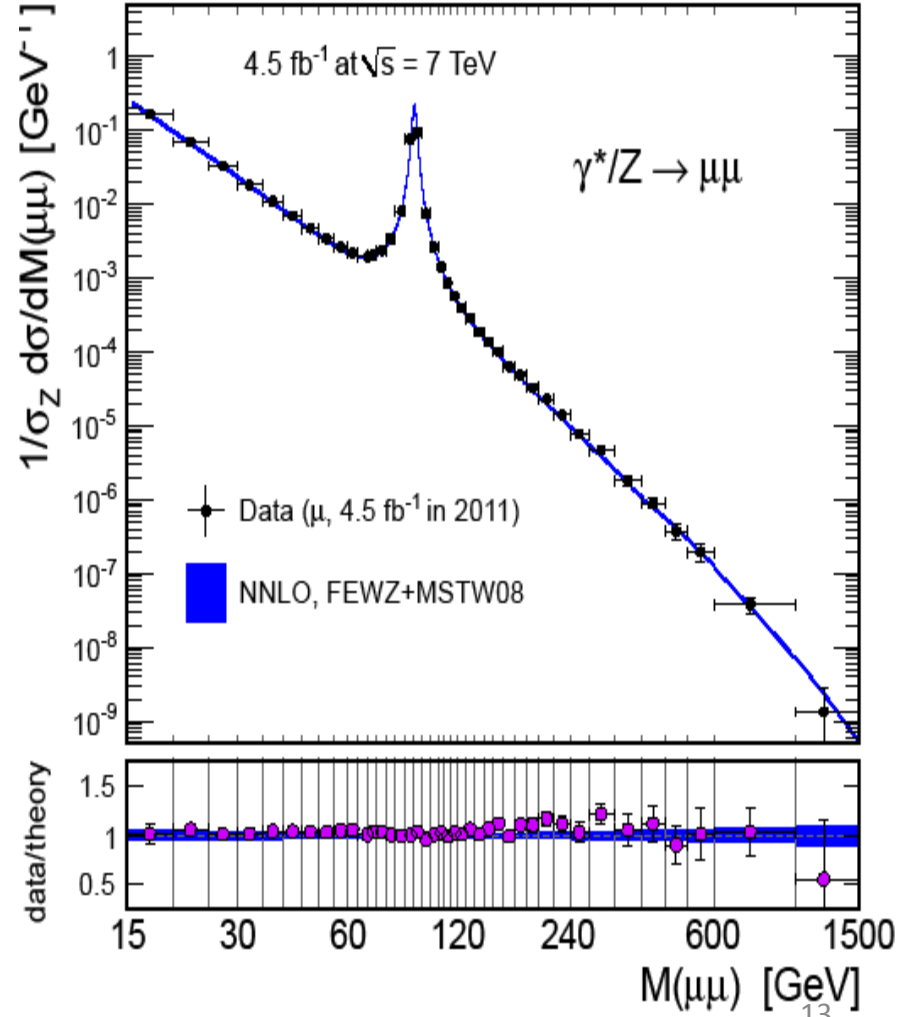
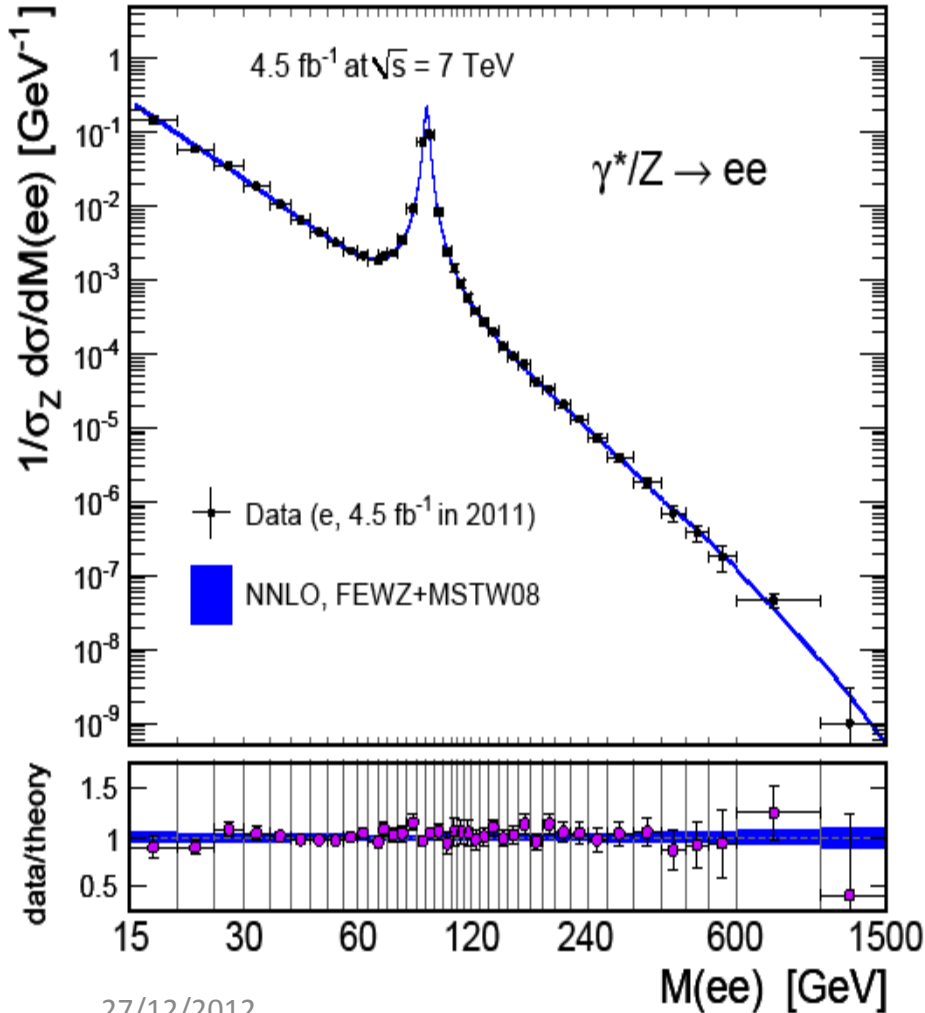
Measurement vs MC Prediction



Differential Cross Section

CMS Preliminary

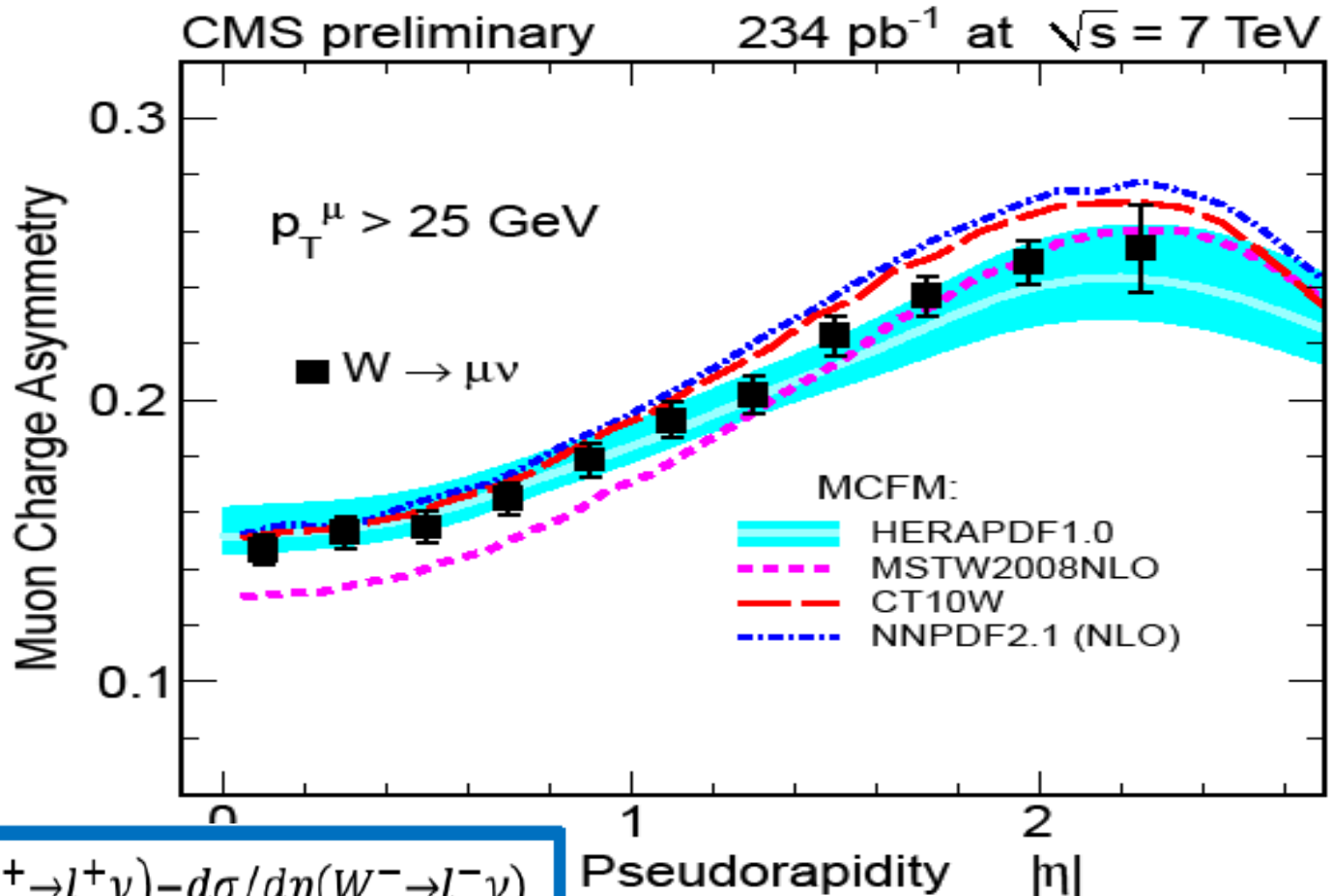
CMS Preliminary



27/12/2012

CMS-PAS-EWK-11-007

Muon Charge Asymmetry



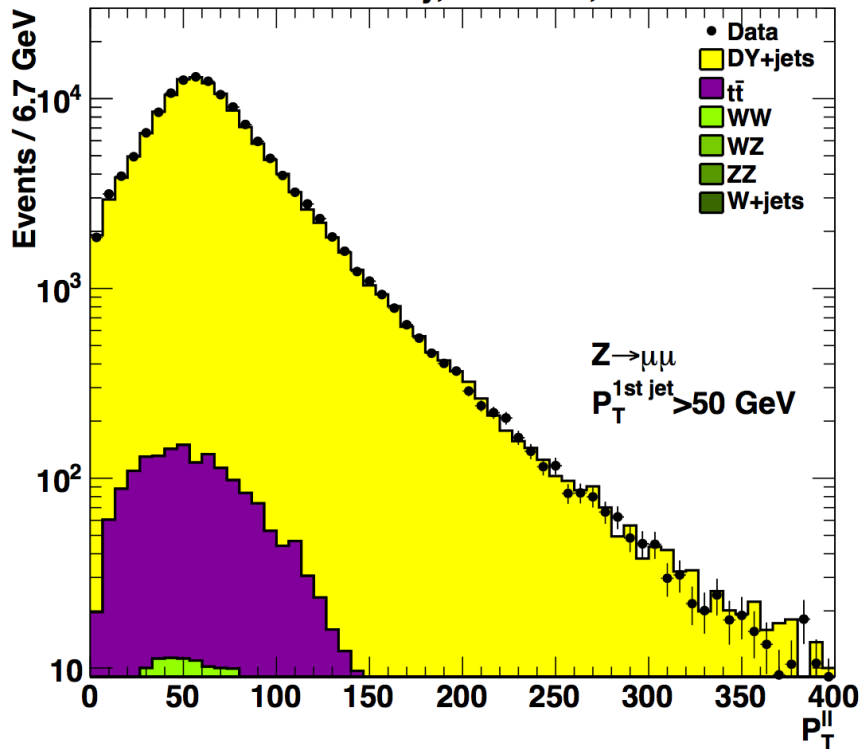
$$A(\eta) = \frac{d\sigma/d\eta(W^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu) - d\sigma/d\eta(W^- \rightarrow l^- \nu)}{d\sigma/d\eta(W^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu) + d\sigma/d\eta(W^- \rightarrow l^- \nu)}$$

27/12/2012

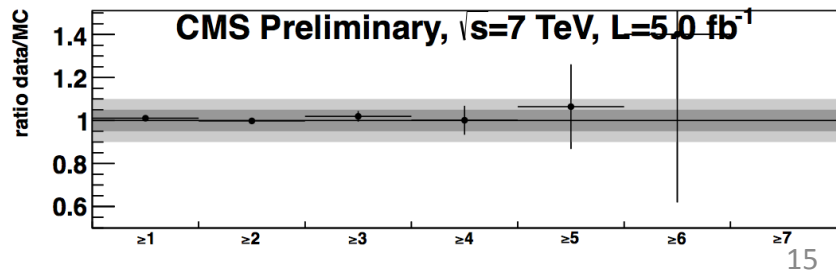
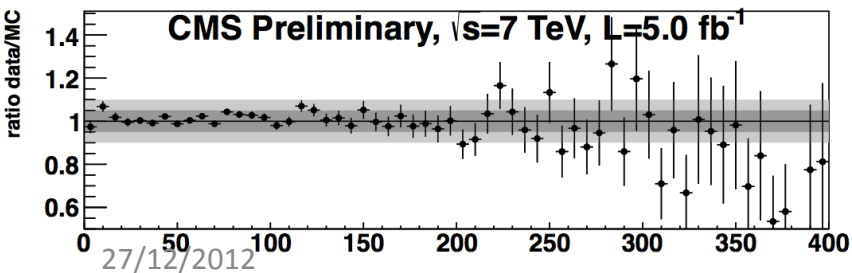
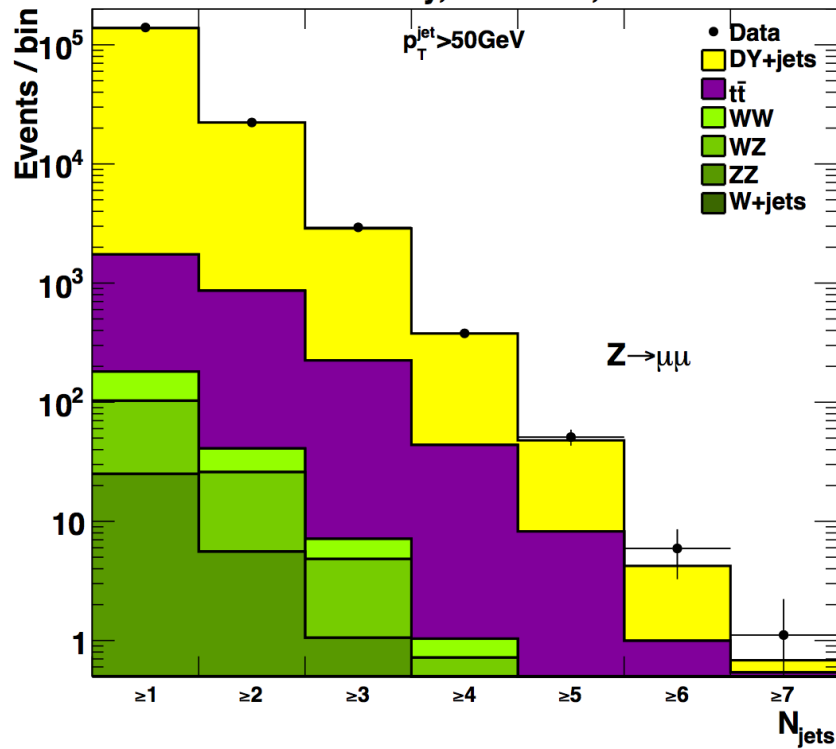
Z-Pt, Jet Multiplicity

Good prediction even in extreme conditions

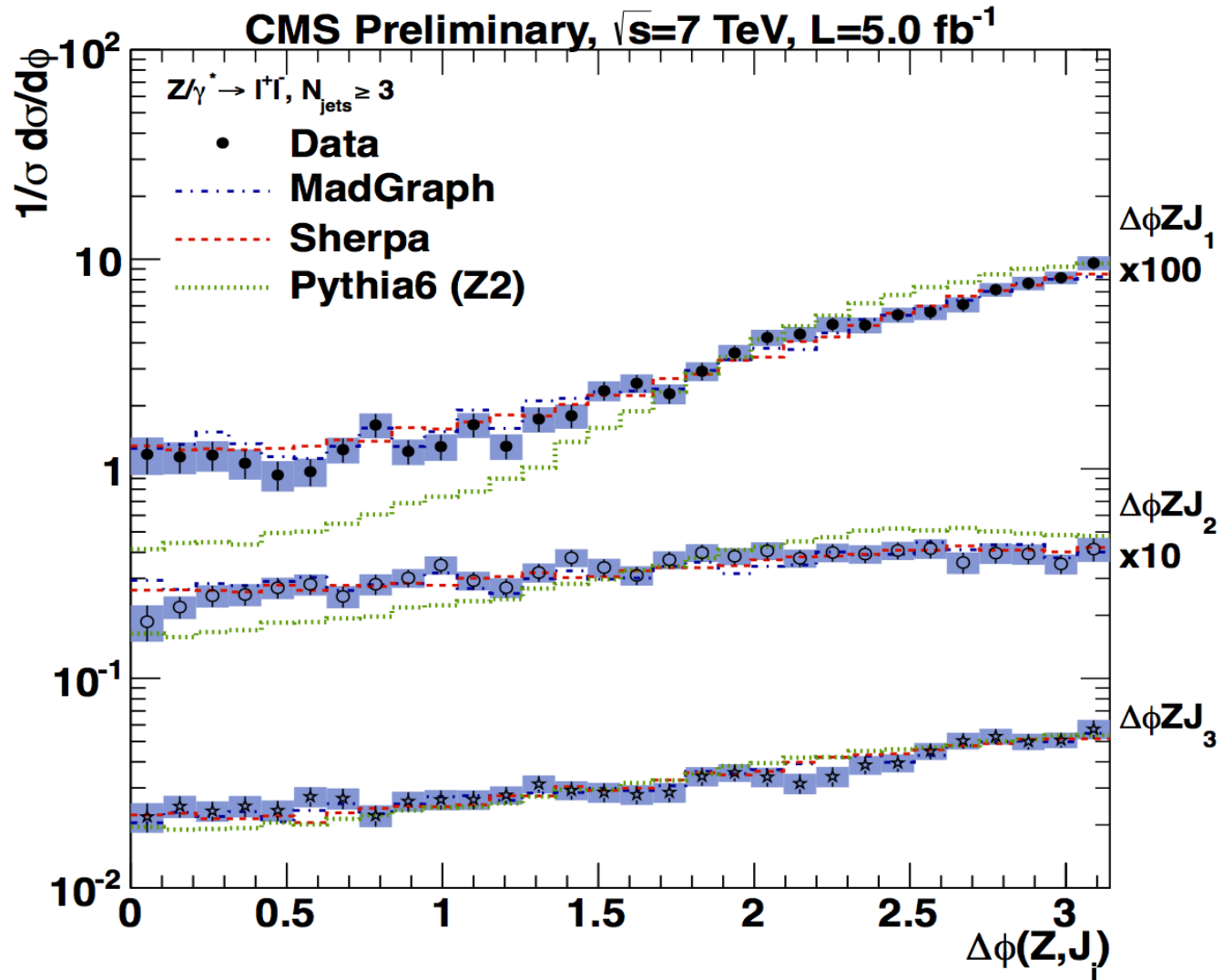
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, $L=5.0$ fb $^{-1}$



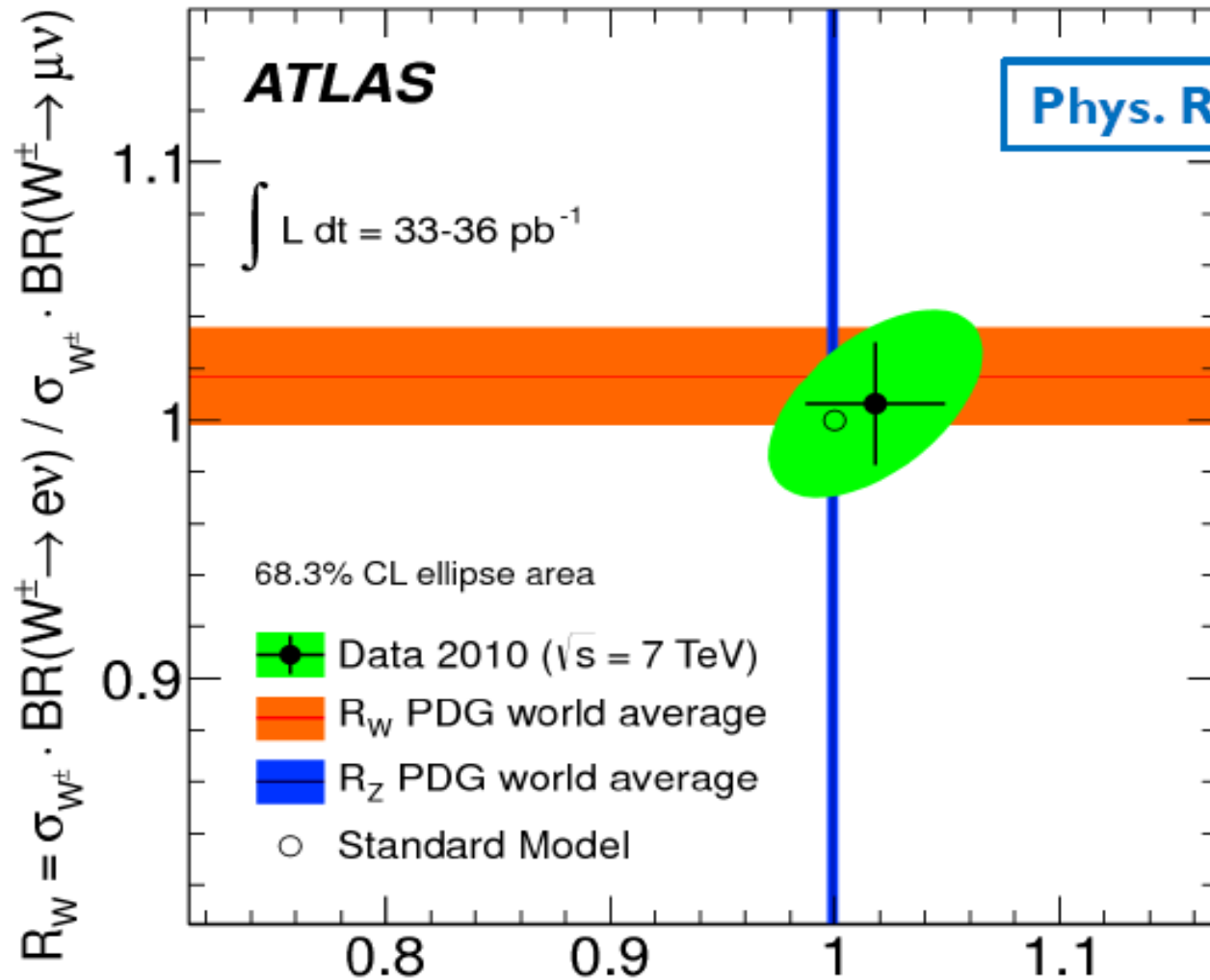
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, $L=5.0$ fb $^{-1}$



Different Event Generators



Lepton Universality

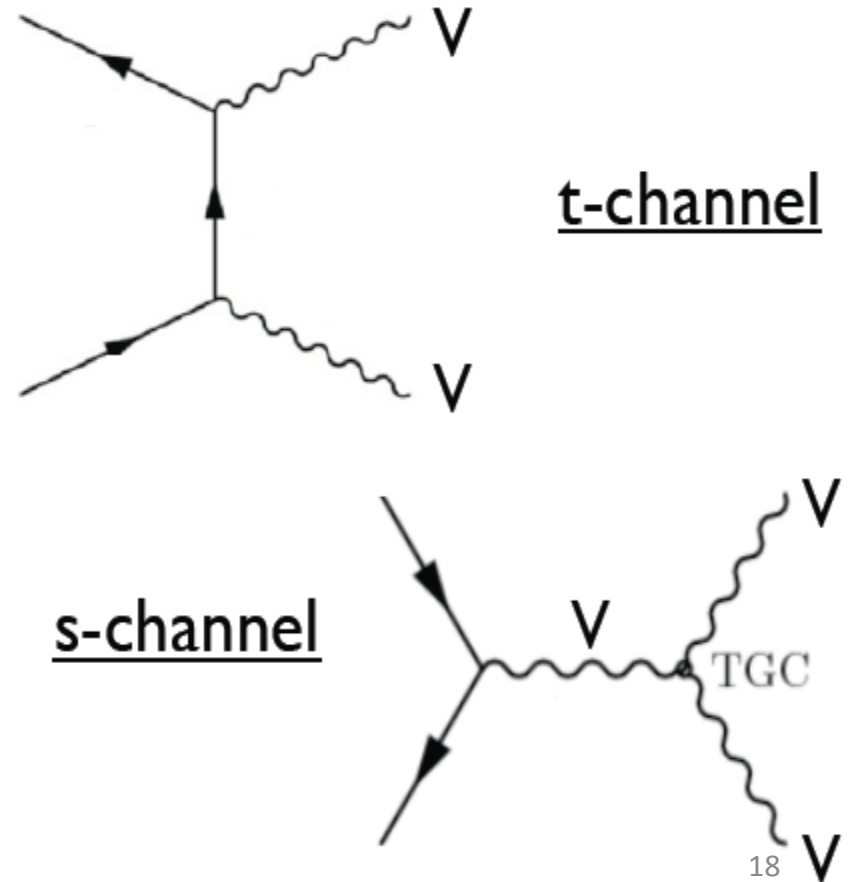


G. P. Di Giovanni, HCP 2012

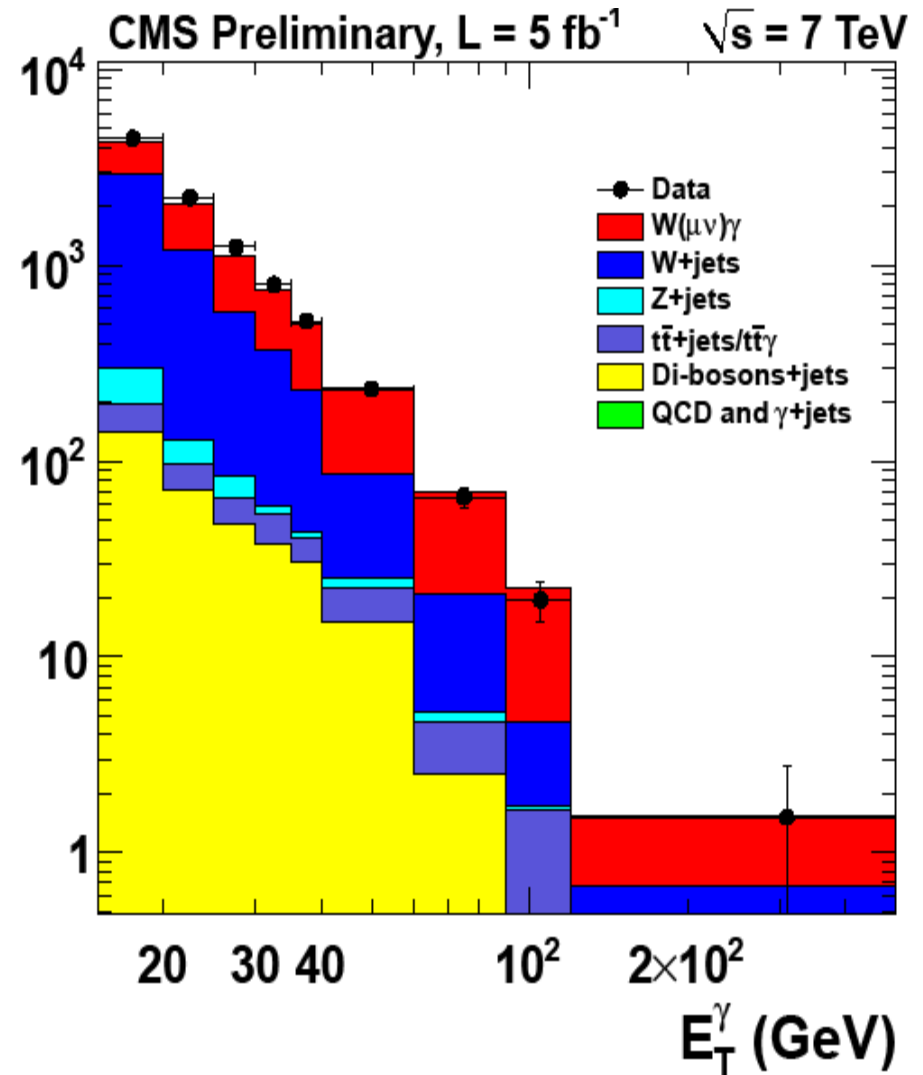
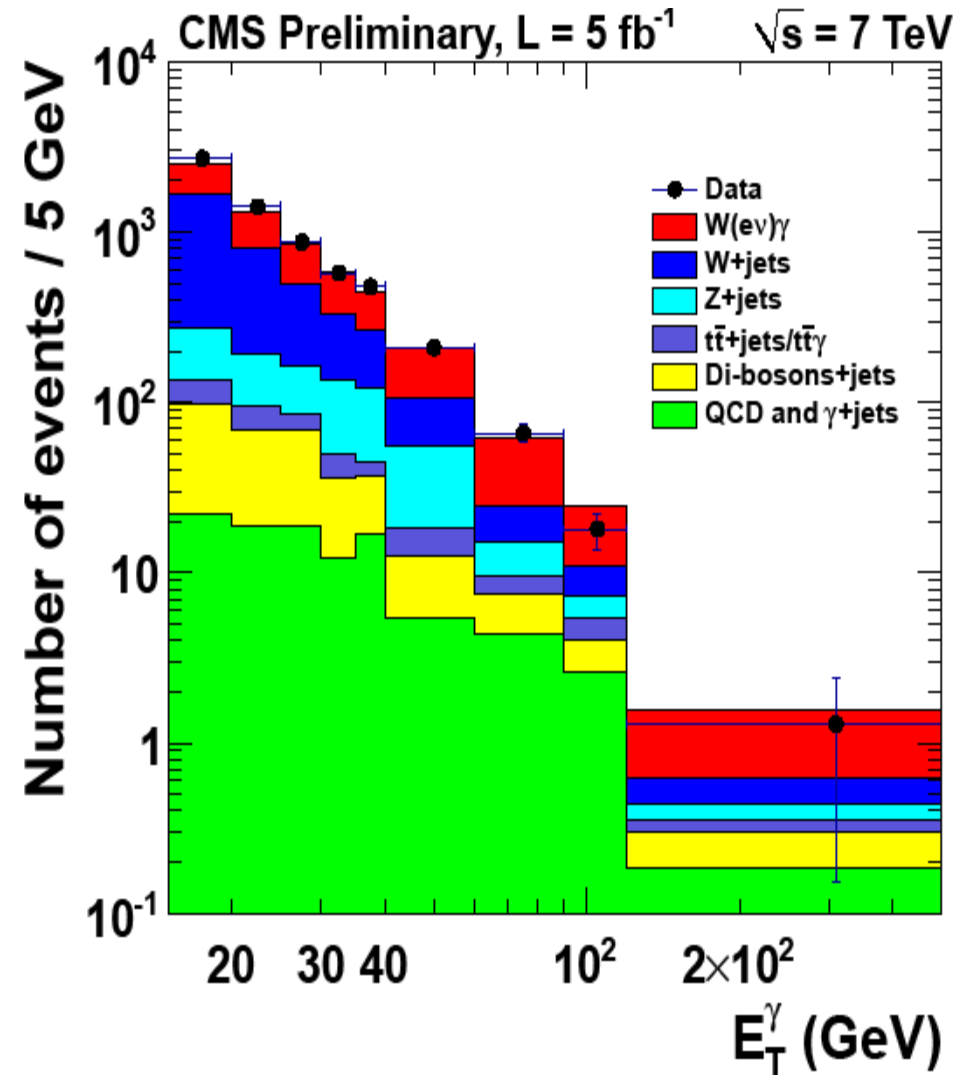
27/12/2012 $R_Z = \sigma_Z \cdot \text{BR}(Z \rightarrow e^+e^-) / \sigma_Z \cdot \text{BR}(Z \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$

anomalous Triple Gauge Couplings

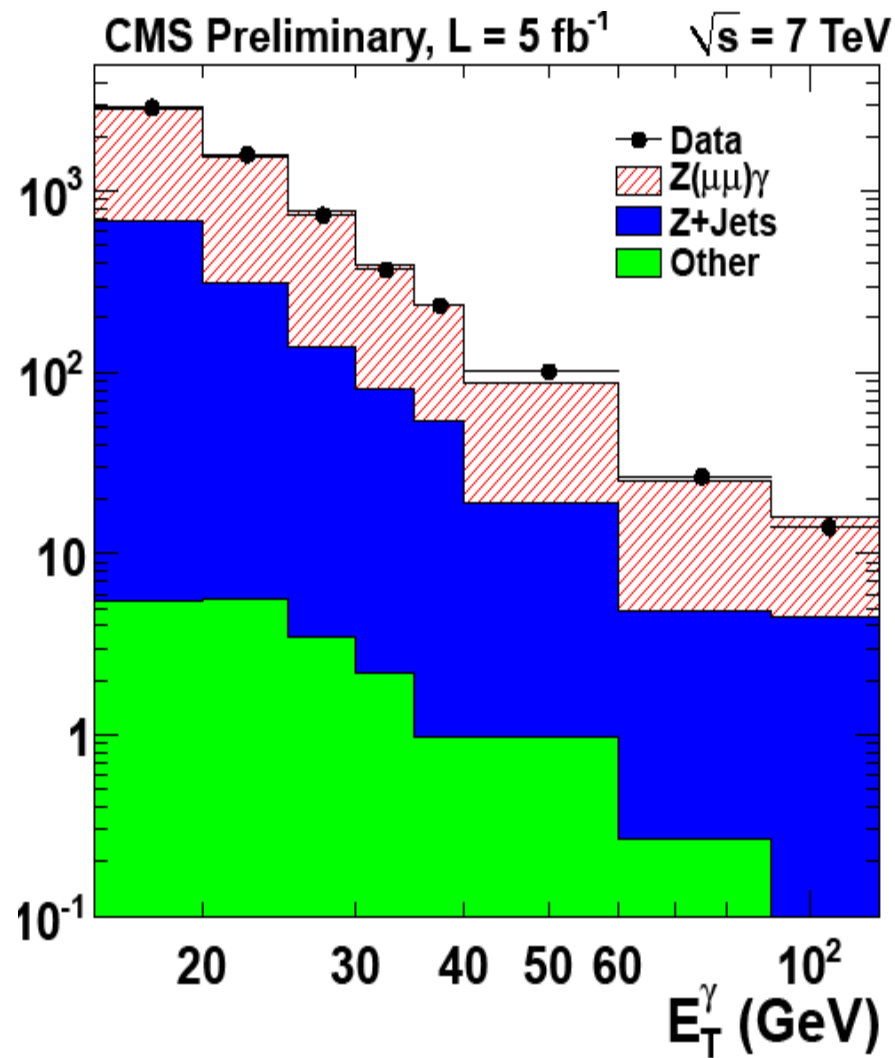
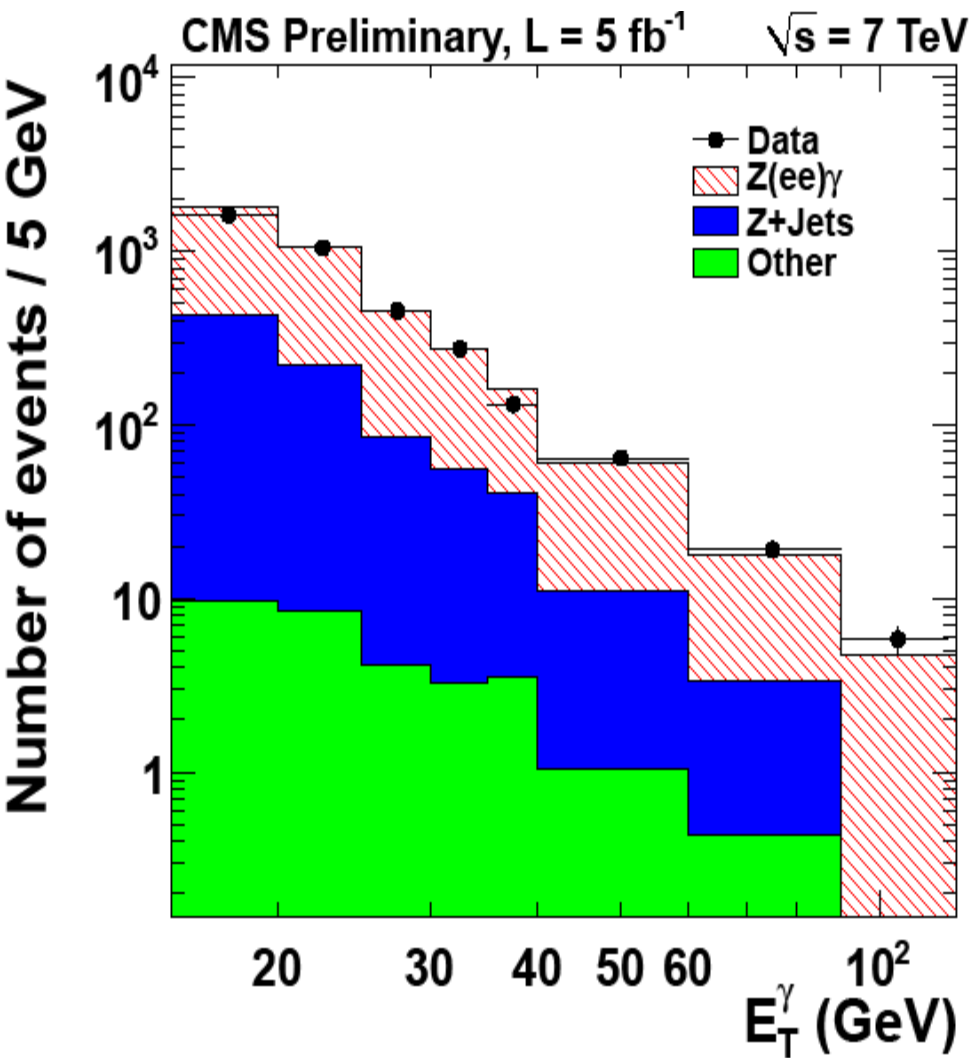
- Neutral TGC are not allowed in the standard model
- Observation of either neutral TGC or deviations from the SM charged TGC would be an evidence of new physics



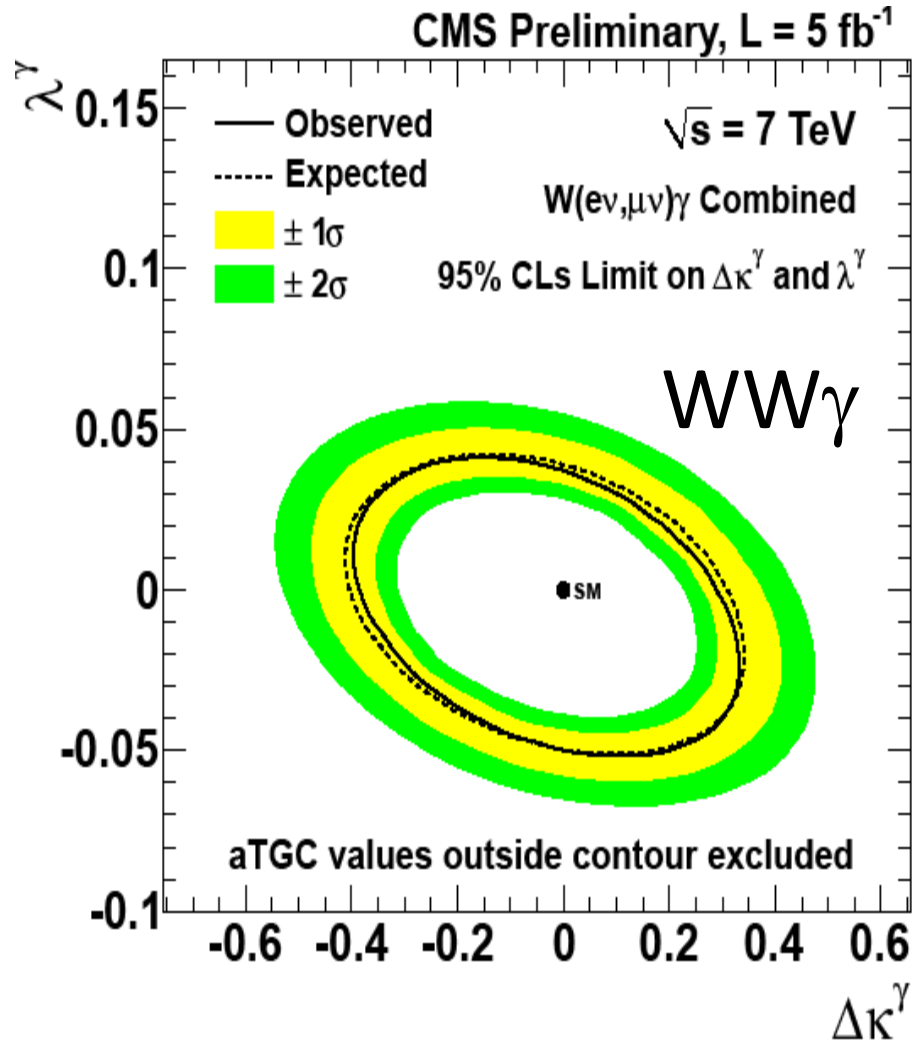
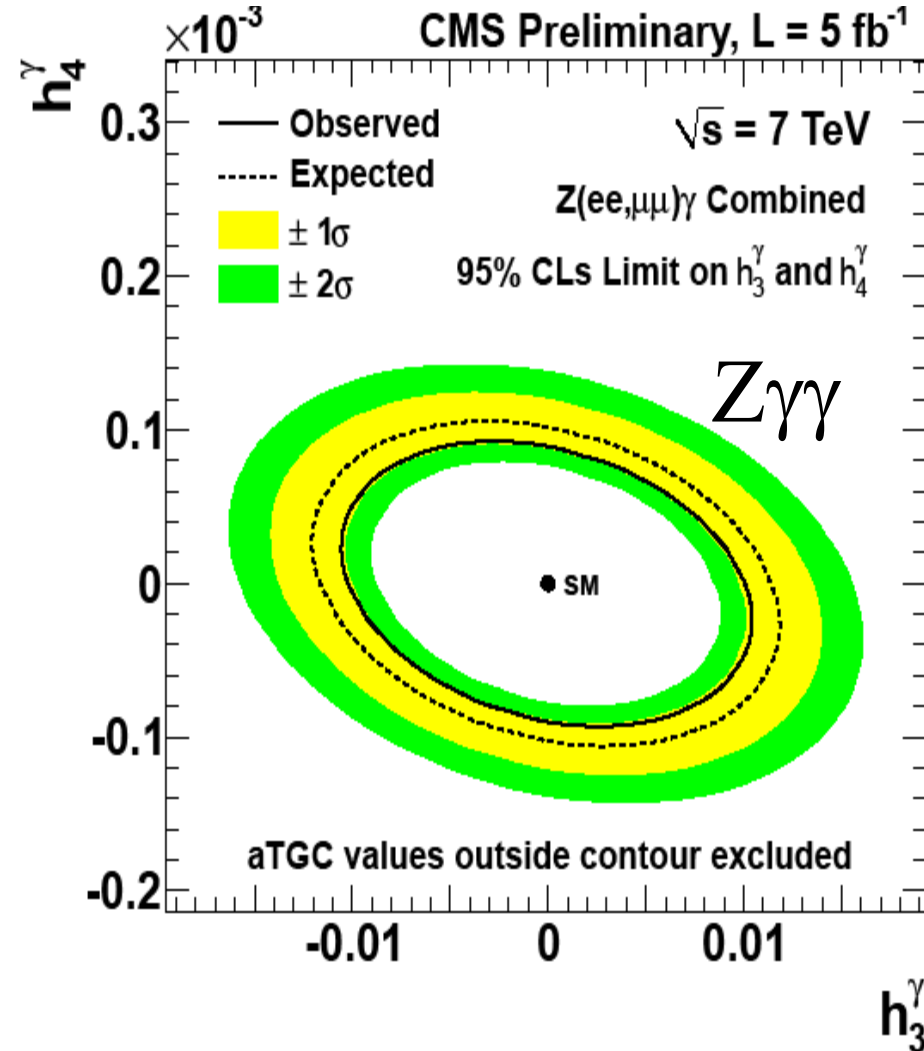
$W\gamma$



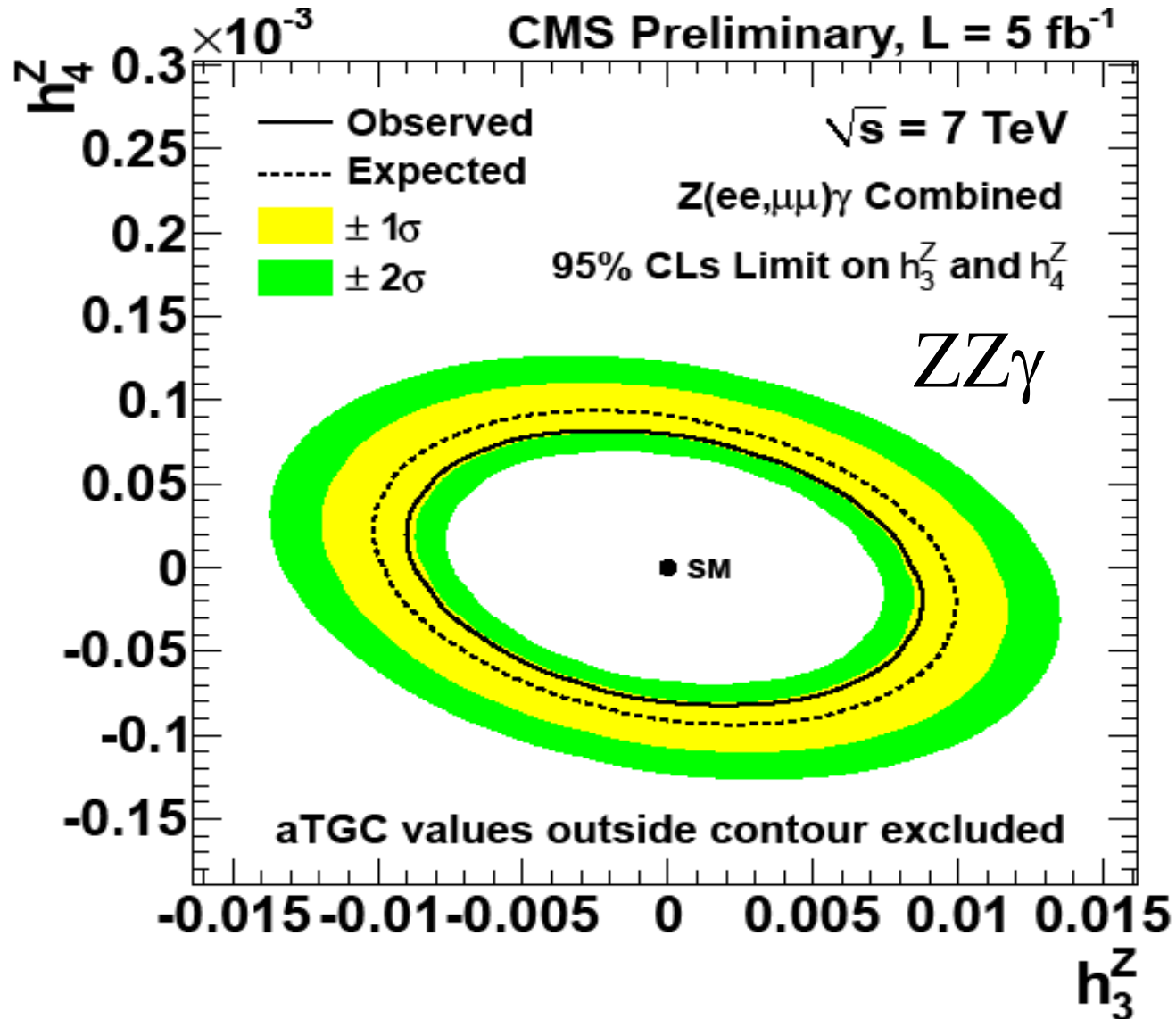
$Z\gamma$



Constraints on New Physics



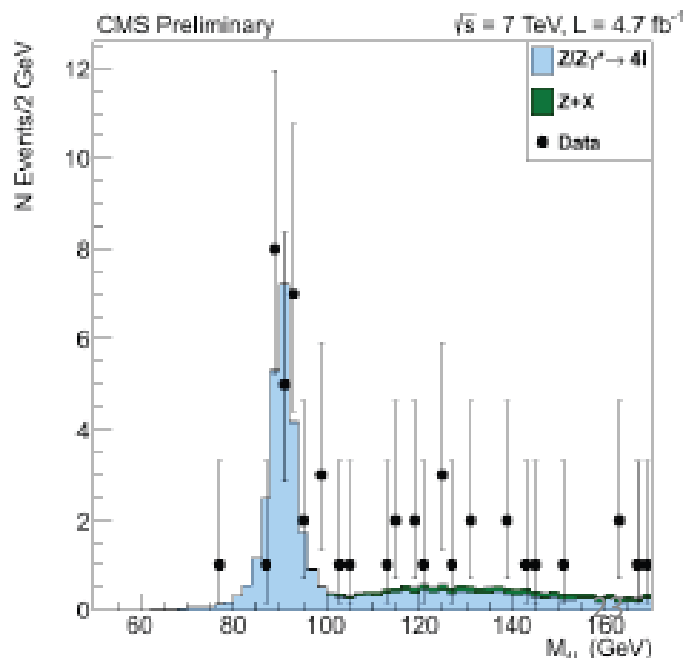
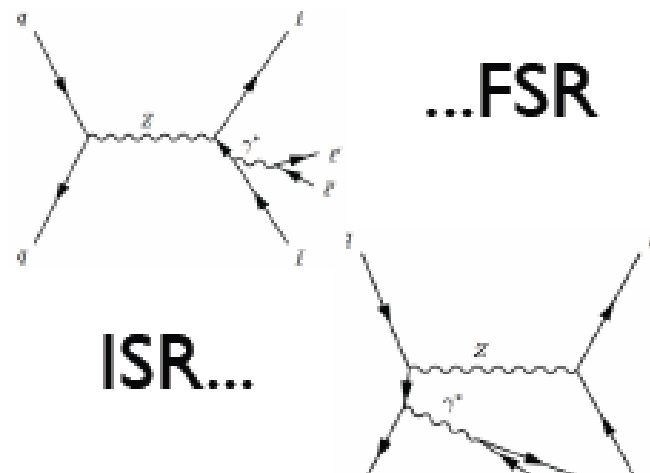
Constraints on New Physics



First observation of $Z \rightarrow 4\ell$ in pp collisions

- Standard candle for four lepton events in similar phase space to Higgs search
- Theoretical expectations
 - BR: 4.45×10^{-6}
 - Cross Section: 120 ± 4.92 fb

CMS [arXiv:1210.3844](https://arxiv.org/abs/1210.3844)



Final state channels	$4e$	4μ	$2e2\mu$	4ℓ
Irreducible background ($pp \rightarrow Z\gamma^* \rightarrow 4\ell$)	0.07	0.25	0.14	0.46 ± 0.05
Other (reducible) backgrounds	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.07 ± 0.1
Expected signal ($pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow 4\ell$)	3.8	13.6	12.0	29.4 ± 2.6
Total expected (simulation)	3.9	13.9	12.2	30.0 ± 2.6
Observed events	2	14	12	28
Yield from fit to the observed mass distribution	-	13.6 ± 3.8	11.5 ± 3.1	27.3 ± 5.4

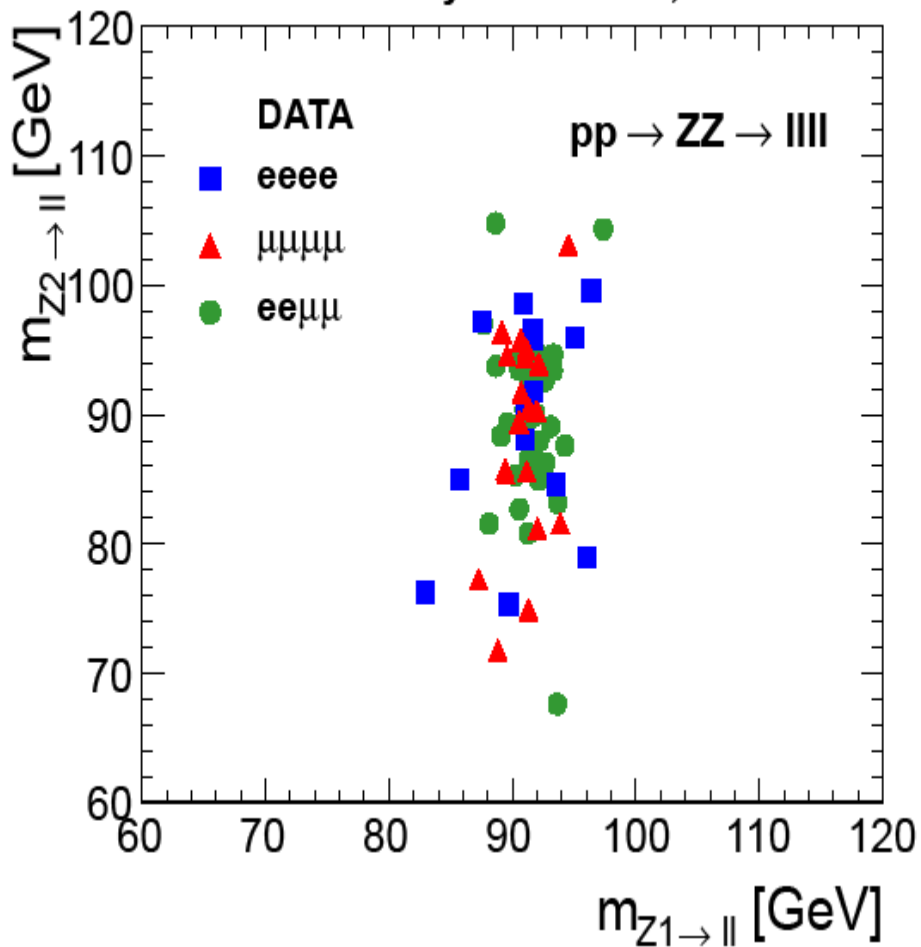
$$\sigma \times BR(Z \rightarrow 4\ell) = 125_{-23}^{+26}(\text{stat})_{-6}^{+9}(\text{syst})_{-5}^{+7}(\text{lumi}) \text{ fb},$$

$$BR(Z \rightarrow 4\ell) = 4.4_{-0.8}^{+1.0}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.2(\text{syst}) \times 10^{-6}.$$

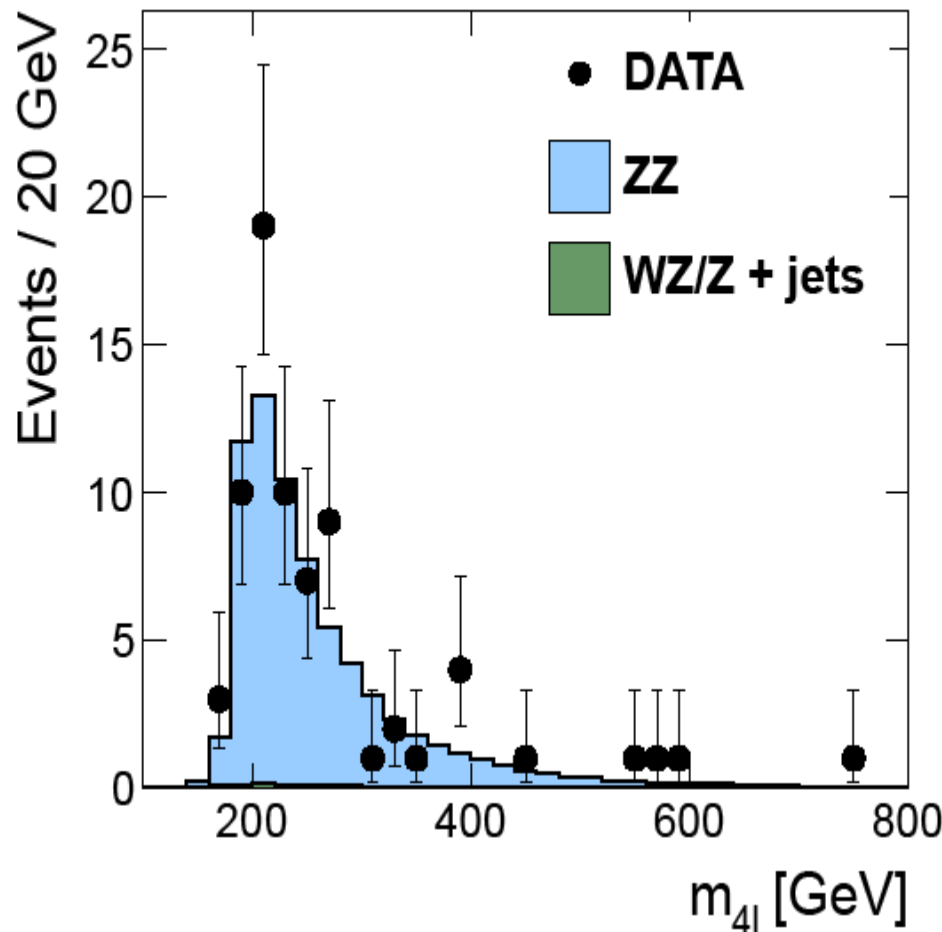
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ZZ @ 8 TeV

CMS Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$, $L = 5.26 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



CMS Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$, $L = 5.26 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

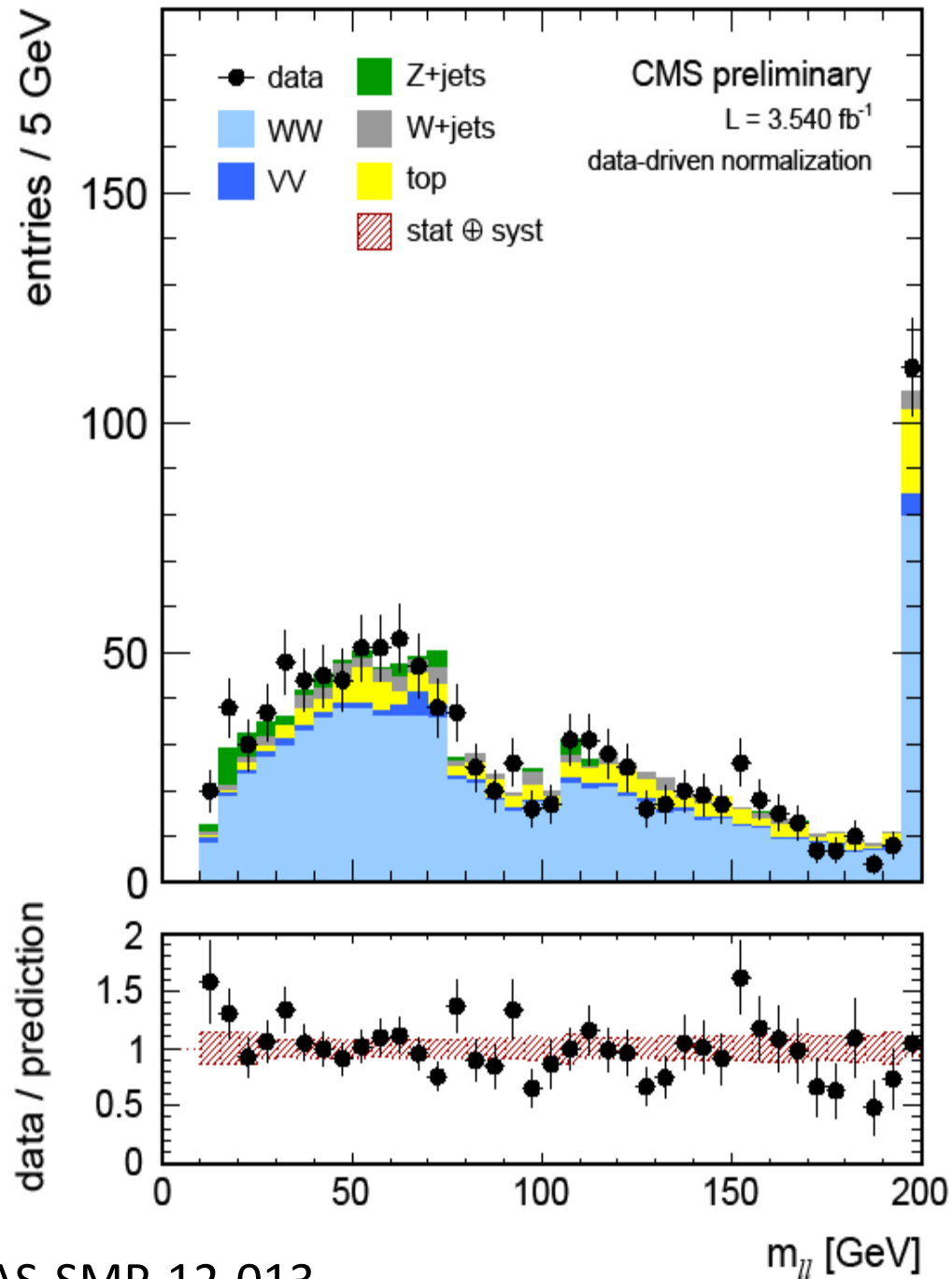


- CMS: $\sigma_{ZZ} = 8.4 \pm 1.0(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.7(\text{sys.}) \pm 0.4(\text{lumi.}) \text{ pb}$
- SM: $\sigma_{ZZ} = 7.7 \pm 0.4 \text{ pb}$

WW @ 8 TeV

CMS

- $\sigma_{WW} = 69.9 \pm 2.8$ (stat.)
 ± 5.6 (syst.) ± 3.1 (lumi.) pb
(systematically limited.)
- SM: $57.3 (+2.4/-1.6)$ pb



Conclusion

- Precise test of the Standard Model at TeV scale
- Significant contribution to PDFs
- Stable ground for new physics searches
- First W/Z measurement at 8 TeV: more results upcoming
- Results spanning several order of magnitudes
- General good level of agreement with NNLO theoretical calculations
- Starting to challenge NNLO predictions